School of Accountancy

Promotion and Tenure Guidelines[[1]](#footnote-1)

1. **Overview**

This document describes expectations for all tenured and tenure track faculty in the School of Accountancy (SOA) to supplement the Auburn University and College of Business Faculty Handbooks. This document covers the third-year review of untenured faculty, promotion and tenure of untenured faculty to Associate Professor, and promotion to Professor.

Each of the major evaluation categories below (research, teaching, and service) are to be reviewed independently of the others. Satisfactory progress in any one category, in the absence of demonstrating satisfactory progress in all of the others, is not sufficient for continued appointment, tenure, and/or promotion.

Guidelines for evaluating research refer to the SOA Journal List, in which School of Accountancy faculty have identified a list of desirable publication outlets. The SOA Journal List is a separate document maintained within the School of Accountancy. The SOA Journal List is incorporated where appropriate by reference.

1. **SOA Principles**

The following principles provide a foundation for the SOA Promotion and Tenure Guidelines:

1. SOA faculty members expect colleagues (at appropriate academic ranks) to contribute to research, teaching, and university and professional service. SOA faculty members also expect colleagues to participate in professional development activities.
2. Faculty members have different interests and strengths, and there is no single model of excellence in research, teaching, and service accomplishments. As faculty members move up in rank (from untenured Assistant Professor to Professor), they will have greater opportunities to pursue and be evaluated on a diverse range of academic activities. Faculty members early in their academic careers (untenured Assistant Professors) should focus principally on research scholarship and classroom teaching.
3. Research scholarship is broadly defined in this document to include publication of academic, applied and pedagogical research in outlets of appropriate quality. It also includes participation in the procurement of funded contracts and grants. SOA faculty value quality of research over quantity.
4. Faculty activities are diverse and any system based strictly on a listing of performance indicators will be incomplete. Consequently, these guidelines afford individual faculty members an opportunity to provide evidence that a particular accomplishment be categorized differently than in this document. It is the responsibility of the faculty member to substantiate the impact of their contributions.
5. The qualities of a good university professor are many. Factors such as the quality and impact of a faculty member’s scholarly activities, collegiality, fit with departmental needs, potential future research productivity, and teaching effectiveness are important, and are based on the professional judgments of the SOA Director and tenured faculty members (at the appropriate academic ranks).
6. These guidelines should be updated every three years based on College of Business policy or when otherwise warranted.
7. **Third-year Review of Untenured Faculty**

To receive a positive third-year review, a candidate should demonstrate tangible evidence of progress in building a record of research, teaching, and service that is appropriate for progress towards promotion and tenure. The candidate should also demonstrate a high standard for professional integrity and should meet university collegiality standards. A negative third-year review may result in non-continuation for the candidate. A positive third-year review indicates that the tenured faculty believe a candidate is making appropriate progress towards promotion and tenure at that time. It does not ensure that the candidate will eventually achieve promotion and tenure.

1. Evaluation of Research

School of Accountancy faculty have identified a list of desirable publication outlets described as *Category I* journals in the SOA Journal List; relative journal quality within the list is shown by noting a subset of *preferred* journals that should be targeted for promotion and tenure. A candidate should have an active research stream, which may be demonstrated through an appropriate combination of manuscripts that have been published, accepted for publication, and/or are under review at *preferred* journals. In addition, a candidate is expected to have additional manuscripts and research projects that are at varying stages of completion. SOA faculty believe that external validation is particularly helpful in evaluating a candidate’s scholarship. Evidence of external validation includes, but is not limited to, accepted and published manuscripts, an invitation to revise and resubmit a manuscript, the receipt of a research grant, or the acceptance of a manuscript(s) for presentation at a competitive meeting.

For general guidance on research success expected, junior faculty should consult the records of recently promoted and tenured faculty, and more important, seek the guidance of senior faculty and take into account feedback they receive from their annual tenured faculty probationary reviews and SOA Director annual reviews. Note that faculty workload and research support will likely affect expected research productivity.

1. Evaluation of Teaching

A candidate should demonstrate teaching effectiveness through acceptable student evaluations of courses, acceptable peer or other independent reviews of teaching, and appropriate course rigor.

1. Evaluation of Service

A candidate should demonstrate a willingness to participate in the service needs of the SOA and contribute to departmental activities. This would include, but not be limited to, participation in faculty meetings and on committees when asked.

1. Evaluation of Collegiality

The candidate must actively support the SOA mission of research, teaching, and service excellence and make significant contributions to the improvement of departmental programs. The candidate must demonstrate professional ethics, integrity, and collegiality with constituent groups at Auburn University and within the profession.

1. **Tenure and Promotion to Associate Professor**

To be tenured and promoted to Associate Professor, a candidate should demonstrate an emerging national reputation through a record of sustained and consistent scholarship and through the potential for future sustained and consistent scholarship. The candidate should also demonstrate teaching effectiveness, maintain a high standard of professional integrity, and meet university collegiality standards.

1. Evaluation of Research

A candidate should demonstrate a sufficient record of scholarly publications that reflects an emerging national reputation. The following framework provides a guide for tenured faculty to evaluate research portfolios.

School of Accountancy faculty have identified a list of desirable publication outlets described as *Category I* journals in the SOA Journal List; relative journal quality within the list is shown by noting a subset of *preferred* journals that should be targeted for promotion and tenure. A candidate should have a substantial body of accepted or published work in *Category I* journals, with a significant proportion appearing in *preferred* journals. Publications in *elite* journals may reduce the overall quantity of publications needed for promotion and tenure.

For general guidance on the number and type of publications expected, junior faculty should consult the records of recently promoted and tenured faculty, and more important, seek the guidance of senior faculty and take into account feedback they receive from their annual tenured faculty probationary reviews and SOA Director annual reviews. Note that faculty workload and research support will likely affect expected research productivity.

In addition to the above criteria, the tenured faculty will consider qualitative factors when assessing a candidate’s portfolio. Examples of such factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

* Number of co-authors
* Quantity and quality of work in process
* Existence of multi-disciplinary work
* Type of research (academic, applied, or pedagogical)
* Research notes versus full-length articles
* Varying quality within journal list categories
* Presentations at conferences or workshops at other universities

Research impact can also factor into the evaluation of a candidate’s research. Expectations for research impact at this relatively early career stage are modest. While evidence of significant research impact can bolster a candidate’s research evaluation, a lack of evidence of strong impact does not necessarily reflect poorly on the candidate. The Harbert College of Business *Guidelines for Understanding and Evaluating Research Impact* describe ways in which candidates can demonstrate research impact. These include, but are not limited to, the following:

* Research awards or other formal recognition
* Frequency of citation
* Invited commentaries
* Refereed papers (includes proceedings’ publications, if any) presented at prestigious meetings.
* Basic research that has a significant influence on practice

Faculty will also consider research portfolios that differ from the “typical” portfolios as described above. Such portfolios might originate in narrow specialties and/or emerging areas within the broader context of accounting.

If a candidate receives an external grant, the grant may be equated to a journal publication based on the amount of the grant and the prestige of the granting agency. Other research activities, such as the creation of intellectual property, copyrights, or patents, can also be used to supplement a candidate’s research record.

1. Evaluation of Teaching

A candidate should demonstrate teaching effectiveness through acceptable student evaluations of courses, acceptable peer or other independent reviews of teaching, and appropriate course rigor. A candidate should also show a commitment to effective instruction as evidenced by at least one of the following: a pedagogical innovation, a measured improvement in subject mastery by students, a teaching award or recognition, contribution to course development or redesign, a pedagogical publication such as a case, receipt of a teaching grant, teaching a wide variety of courses, conducting a study abroad course, receiving an invitation to lecture internationally, or other accomplishment deemed significant by the faculty.

1. Evaluation of Service

A candidate should demonstrate active participation in the service needs of the university and the profession. This would include past or current membership on at least one departmental, college, or university committee. It would also include evidence of at least two of the following activities: serving as an ad hoc reviewer for conferences or research journals, serving as a session chair at a meeting, serving as an advisor to a student organization, serving on a board of directors of an organization broadly related to the candidate’s field, or other service deemed significant by the faculty.

1. Evaluation of Collegiality

The candidate must actively support the SOA mission of research, teaching, and service excellence and make significant contributions to the improvement of departmental programs. The candidate must demonstrate professional ethics, integrity, and collegiality with constituent groups at Auburn University and within the profession.

1. **Promotion to Professor**

To be promoted to Professor, a candidate should demonstrate a respected national reputation through a record of sustained and consistent scholarship. The candidate should also demonstrate teaching effectiveness, a high standard for professional integrity, and meet university collegiality standards.

1. Evaluation of Research

A candidate should demonstrate a sufficient record of scholarly publications to achieve promotion to Professor. Because faculty activities and publication outlets are diverse, there are varying combinations in which a sufficient scholarly record can be demonstrated. The following framework provides a guide for faculty at the rank of Professor to evaluate research portfolios.

School of Accountancy faculty have identified a list of desirable publication outlets described as *Category I* journals in the SOA Journal List; relative journal quality within the list is shown by noting a subset of *preferred* journals that should be targeted for promotion. Following tenure, a candidate should have produced a substantial body of accepted or published work in *Category I* journals, with a significant proportion appearing in *preferred* journals. Importantly, it is the view of the SOA faculty that a national reputation cannot be established without numerous publications in *preferred* journals.

For general guidance on the number and type of publications expected, faculty should consult the records of recently promoted faculty and seek the guidance of faculty at the rank of Professor.

In addition to the above criteria, faculty at the rank of Professor will consider qualitative factors when assessing a candidate’s portfolio. Examples of such factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

* Number of co-authors
* Quantity and quality of work in process
* Existence of multi-disciplinary work
* Type of research (academic, applied, or pedagogical)
* Research notes versus full-length articles
* Varying quality within journal list categories
* Presentations at conferences or workshops at other universities

Research impact is a key criterion for candidates being considered for promotion to Professor. An individual promoted to professor should have an established national reputation for research. Means for assessing such a reputation include reviewing a candidate’s published research using criteria such as those described in the Harbert College of Business *Guidelines for Understanding and Evaluating Research Impact*. In addition, a candidate’s outreach and service activities may contribute to or be indicators of their research impact (e.g., major editorial responsibility). There are no minimum guidelines for research impact because evaluating research impact is largely a qualitative exercise. Criteria that could reflect research impact include, but are not limited to, the following:

* Research awards or other formal recognition
* Frequency of citation
* Invited commentaries
* Refereed papers (includes proceedings’ publications, if any) presented at prestigious meetings.
* Basic research that has a significant influence on practice
* Formal recognition for scholarly contribution over time

Faculty will also consider research portfolios that differ from the “typical” portfolios as described above. Such portfolios might originate in narrow specialties and/or emerging areas within the broader accounting function.

If a candidate receives an external grant, the grant may be equated to a journal publication based on the amount of the grant and the prestige of the granting agency. Other research activities, such as the creation of intellectual property, copyrights, or patents, can also be used to supplement a candidate’s research record.

1. Evaluation of Teaching

A candidate should demonstrate teaching effectiveness through acceptable student evaluations of courses, acceptable peer or other independent reviews of teaching, and appropriate course rigor. A candidate should also demonstrate instructional effectiveness through a combination of at least two of the following: college, university or national teaching awards, nationally published textbooks, pedagogical publications such as cases, teaching grants, service on thesis or dissertation committees, pedagogical innovations that are formally assessed and utilized, leadership in curriculum review/change or in international instructional efforts, or other accomplishment(s) deemed significant by the faculty.

1. Evaluation of Service

A candidate should demonstrate leadership in the service needs of the university and the profession. This would include past or current membership on multiple departmental, college, or university committees and service as the chair of at least one. It would also include evidence of at least two of the following activities: serving on the editorial board or serving as an editor or associate editor of a research journal, serving as an officer of a regional/ sectional/national organization, serving as a program coordinator of a meeting, serving as an advisor to multiple student organizations, serving as editor of a professional association newsletter, service on a professional commission task force or board, or other service deemed significant by the faculty.

1. Evaluation of Collegiality

The candidate must actively support the SOA mission of research, teaching, and service excellence and make significant contributions to the improvement of departmental programs. The candidate must demonstrate professional ethics, integrity, and collegiality with constituent groups at Auburn University and within the profession.

1. Original version approved by the Faculty on April 8, 2016; approved by the Provost on May 27, 2016. Updated (current) version initiated by SOA in Fall, 2020 and formally approved by the Provost’s Office on January 22, 2021. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)